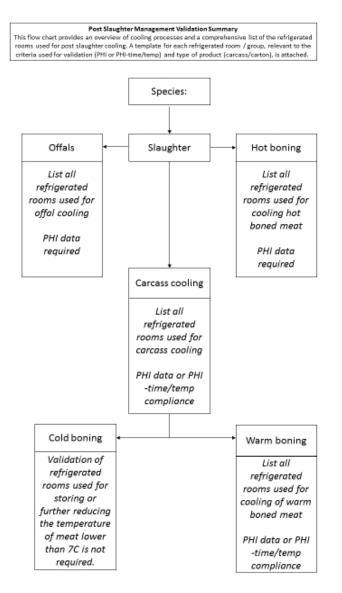
How to complete a Post Slaughter Management (PSM) Cooling Validation Summary

The post slaughter management (cooling) validation summary for the premises is a combination of completing:

- The PowerPoint template (as per screen shot below) to give a summary of all post slaughter cooling processes at the premises and a comprehensive list of the refrigerated rooms used; and
- 2. A template for each room or group of similar rooms relevant to the cooling criteria used for validation (PHI or PHI-time/temp and the type of product (carcass, carton). Blank templates are provided on the following pages.

Screen shot of PowerPoint template (note this is just a picture, the actual template is in a separate MS PowerPoint file):



Carcass Refrigerated rooms (Chillers/Freezers) – PHI Validation Template (warm or cold boning)

Note: PHI validation of a warm boning & cold boning processes are defined as follows:

Warm boning = the cumulative PHI of; PHI elapsed time + PHI carcass cooling + PHI allowance when loggers not in place in boning room + PHI from carton cooling.

Cold boning = the cumulative PHI of; PHI elapsed time + PHI carcass cooling

1	Refrigerated rooms identifier/s (single refrigerated	
	rooms or group of similar refrigerated rooms)	
2	Date of validation	
3	Species cooled in refrigerated rooms/s	
4	If group of similar refrigerated rooms is there a	
	competent person's certificate attesting to similarity?	
5	Full validation i.e.: 20 data points for refrigerated	
	room or 30 points for groups of similar refrigerated	
	rooms that demonstrates compliance with PHI criteria	
	and that aligns to current operational parameters (air	
	temp, fans/air velocity, mass) for the room	
6	As an alternative to the row above, is there a certificate	
-	of performance issued by a competent person that	
	clearly states that the PHI criteria will be met, together	
	with a minimum of 5 data logger points per refrigerated	
	room or group of identical rooms demonstrating	
	compliance with PHI criteria and current operational	
	parameters?	
7	Carcass mass of fully loaded refrigerated rooms (usually	
	part of design specification for room)	
8	Carcass mass at the time of validation	
9	Determine percentage loading at the time of validation.	
	(divide mass at validation by mass of fully loaded	
	refrigerated rooms and multiply by 100)	
	Note: Refrigerated rooms may be routinely loaded to	
	100% of design specification providing validation was at	
	90% or greater loading.	
10	Detail Operational Parameters at the time of validation	
	 Air temperature set points 	
	 Fans or air velocity 	
	 100% Loading or mass of refrigerated rooms 	
	Do these align to operational parameters that are	
	documented in the Post Slaughter Management	
	(cooling) programme and monitored on a daily basis?	
11	Record site of microbiological concern where data	
	logger was placed for temperature recording.	
12	Record how PHI was calculated e.g.: using a	
	spreadsheet tool or read off data loggers	
	spreadsheet tool of read on data loggers	

13	Specify what value was used for the elapsed time PHI and provide details of how this value was calculated.	
14	Record cumulative PHI values for each data logger. Note the definition at the top of this template on what PHI values need to be added together to determine an overall PHI for the process.	
15	Confirm data meets acceptable PHI criteria i.e.: 80% value ≤10 no value exceeding 14	
16	Record date and PHI values from any verification data collected since the time of validation. Confirm verification was done by a suitably skilled person in accordance with the AgResearch PHI User's Manual CR1295.	

Carcass Refrigerated rooms (Chillers/Freezers) – Time-Temperature Recipe (warm or cold boning)

Notes

Time-temperature recipes have been confirmed as meeting PHI outcomes using FPM modeller.

Large carcasses includes cattle, horses, large deer (for example Wapiti), large pigs (chopper).

Deep meat temperature means the temperature of a carcass measured at the thermal centre of the largest muscular mass.

Deep shoulder temperature means the temperature of a carcass measured at the mid-point in front of the 1st rib to a depth that will reach the medial side of the scapula.

1	Defining under a startific u/a (single unduing under	
1	Refrigerated rooms identifier/s (single refrigerated	
-	rooms or group of similar refrigerated rooms)	
2	Date of validation	
3	Species cooled in refrigerated rooms/s	
4	If group of similar refrigerated rooms is there a	
	competent persons certificate attesting to similarity?	
5	Full validation i.e.: 20 data points for refrigerated	
	room or 30 points for groups of similar refrigerated	
	rooms that demonstrates compliance with acceptable	
	time-temperature criteria applicable to species being	
	slaughtered and that aligns to current operational	
	parameters (air temp, fans/air velocity, mass) for the	
	room.	
6	As an alternative to the row above, a certificate of	
	performance issued by a competent person that	
	clearly states that time/temp criteria (as relevant to	
	species) will be met, together with a minimum of 5	
	data logger points per refrigerated room or group of	
	identical rooms demonstrating compliance with	
	acceptable criteria and current operational	
	parameters.	
7	Carcass mass of fully loaded refrigerated rooms	
8	Carcass mass at the time of validation	
9	Determine percentage loading at the time of	
	validation. (divide mass at validation by mass of fully	
	loaded refrigerated rooms and multiply by 100)	
	Note, Refrigerated rooms may be routinely loaded to	
	100% providing validation was at 90% or greater	
	loading.	
10	Detail Operational Parameters at the time of	
	validation	
	- Air temperature set points	
	- Fans or air velocity	

	 100% Loading or mass of refrigerated rooms 				
	Do these align to operational parameters that are				
documented in the PSM programme and mon					
	on a daily basis?				
11	Record time/tempe	rature valu	ues recorde	d at required	
	times as per criteria			•	
	including the site th	e tempera	iture was re	corded from.	
12	For large carcasses, confirm that the validation data				
	meets the acceptable time-temp criteria as detailed in				
	the Table below				
	Temperature Reference p	points	Time in chiller	(standard reference tin	
	Deep shoulder temperature n=20, c=4, m=15°C, M=18		16 hours		
	Deep shoulder temperature n=20, c=4, m=10°C, M=11		24 hours		
			48 hours		
	7				
	Room temperature (°C)		holding period iours)	Maximum holding p (hours)	
	Room temperature (°C)				
	Room temperature (°C)	(h Refrigerate		(hours) Refrigerated Room a	
	Room temperature (°C)	(h Refrigerate ≤(nours)	(hours) Refrigerated Room a	
		(h Refrigerate ≤(nours) d Room airflow 0.5m/s	(hours) Refrigerated Room a >0.5m/s	
	25 20 18	(h Refrigerate ≤0	d Room airflow 0.5m/s 4 or	(hours) Refrigerated Room a >0.5m/s 6 or 9 or 12 or	
	25 20	(h Refrigerate ≤0	d Room airflow 0.5m/s 4 or 6 or	(hours) Refrigerated Room a >0.5m/s 6 or 9 or	
ta R C	25 20 18	(h Refrigerate st e initial load ll values fro time of vali	d Room airflow 0.5m/s 4 or 6 or 12 ding period om any veri idation. Cor	(hours) Refrigerated Room a >0.5m/s 6 or 9 or 12 or 18 (described in fication data ofirm	

Carton refrigerated rooms (Chillers and Freezers) – PHI validation (warm or hot boning and offals)

Note, PHI validation of a warm boning & hot boning processes is the cumulative PHI from the following:

Warm boning = PHI elapsed time + PHI carcass cooling + PHI allowance when loggers not in place in boning room + PHI from carton cooling.

Hot boning = PHI elapsed time + PHI carton cooling

1	Refrigerated rooms identifier/s (single refrigerated	
	rooms or group of similar refrigerated rooms)	
2	Date of validation	
3	Type of product cooled in refrigerated rooms e.g.:	
	Offal, hot boned meat, warm boned meat	
4	If group of similar refrigerated rooms is there a	
	competent persons certificate attesting to similarity?	
5	Full validation i.e.: 20 data points for refrigerated	
	room or 30 points for groups of similar refrigerated	
	rooms that demonstrates compliance PHI criteria	
	and that aligns to current operational parameters (air	
	temp, fans/air velocity, mass) for the room	
6	As an alternative to the row above, a certificate of	
	performance issued by a competent person that clearly	
	states that the PHI criteria will be met, together with a	
	minimum of 5 data logger points per refrigerated room	
	or group of identical rooms demonstrating compliance	
	with PHI criteria and current operational parameters.	
7	Carton mass of fully loaded refrigerated rooms	
8	Carton mass at the time of validation	
9	Determine percentage loading at the time of validation.	
	(divide mass at validation by mass of fully loaded	
	refrigerated rooms and multiply by 100)	
	Note, Refrigerated rooms may be routinely loaded to	
	100% providing validation was at 90% or greater	
	loading.	
10	Detail Operational Parameters at the time of validation	
	- Air temperature set points	
	- Fans or air velocity	
	- 100% Loading or mass of refrigerated rooms	
	Do these align to operational parameters that are	
	documented in the PSM programme and monitored on	
	a daily basis?	
11	Record site of microbiological concern where data	
11	Record site of microbiological concern where data logger was placed for temperature recording.	
11 12	-	

13	Specify what value was used for the elapsed time	
	calculation and provide details of how this value was	
	determined.	
14	Record PHI values recorded (including elapsed time) for	
	each data logger. [note for warm boning need to add	
	the PHI from carcass chilling and PHI for elapsed time	
	prior to carcass logger placement)	
	Note, information at start of template around what PHI	
	values need to be added together to determine an	
	overall PHI for the process.	
15	Confirm data meet acceptable PHI criteria i.e.: 80%	
	value ≤ 10 no value exceeding 14	
16	Record date and PHI values from any verification data	
	collected since the time of validation. Confirm	
	verification was done by a suitably skilled person in	
	accordance with the AgResearch PHI User's Manual	
	CR1295.	

Carton Refrigerated rooms (Chillers/Freezers) – Time-temperature recipe for warm boning

1	Refrigerated rooms identifier/s (single refrigerated	
	rooms or group of similar refrigerated rooms)	
2	Date of validation	
3	Type of product cooled in refrigerated rooms	
	e.g.:	
	Offal, hot boned meat, warm boned meat	
4	If group of similar refrigerated rooms is there a	
	competent persons certificate attesting to similarity?	
5	Full validation i.e.: 20 data points for refrigerated	
	room or 30 points for groups of similar refrigerated	
	rooms that demonstrates compliance with acceptable	
	time-temperature criteria applicable to species being	
	slaughtered and that aligns to current operational	
	parameters (air temp, fans/air velocity, mass) for the	
	room	
6	As an alternative to the row above, a certificate of	
-	performance issued by a competent person that clearly	
	states that time/temp criteria (as relevant to species)	
	will be met, together with a minimum of 5 data logger	
	points per refrigerated room or group of identical	
	rooms demonstrating compliance with acceptable	
	criteria and current operational parameters.	
7	Carton mass of fully loaded refrigerated rooms	
8	Carton mass at the time of validation	
9	Determine percentage loading at the time of validation.	
	(divide mass at validation by mass of fully loaded	
	refrigerated rooms and multiply by 100)	
	Note, Refrigerated rooms may be routinely loaded to	
	100% providing validation was at 90% or greater	
	loading.	
10	Detail Operational Parameters at the time of validation	
	- Air temperature set points	
	- Fans or air velocity	
	- 100% Loading or mass of refrigerated rooms	
	Do these align to operational parameters that are	
	documented in the PSM programme and monitored on	
	a daily basis?	
11	Record site of temperature recording in carton.	
12	Record time after slaughter that product was boned	
	and approximate temperature of product at the time of	
	boning.	

Note: Time-temperature recipes have been confirmed as meeting PHI outcomes

13	For large carcasses, confirm that the validation data meets the acceptable time-temp criteria as detailed in the Table below After warm boning, the product surfaces of
	microbiological concern should be reduced to 7°C according to the following schedules:
	 when boning occurs within 12 hours of grading, within 13 hours of products leaving the boning room;
	 When boning occurs after 12 hours of grading, within 10 hours of products leaving the boning room;
14	For small carcasses confirm the product surfaces of
	microbiological concern are reduced to 7°C within 24 hours.
15	Record date and PHI values from any verification data collected since the time of validation. Confirm verification was done by a suitably skilled person in accordance with the AgResearch PHI User's Manual CR1295.